

# Checkin 7

Show the AST for  $(1 + x) * 2$

# Administrivia

P1 due “tonight”

P2 out Friday

# Administrivia

Optional lab posted

# Administrivia

## The Quiz!

recording by midnight  
LEEP2 2425 6:30 ~ 8:30

Zoom: drew. davidson - cool / zoom  
Compilers. cool / zoom

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2 CLT > 1 P  
2 repprom  
1 pine apple  
1 hamdancer

Flipped Wednesday



# Written Work #2

## **Topics:**

- Frontend stuff

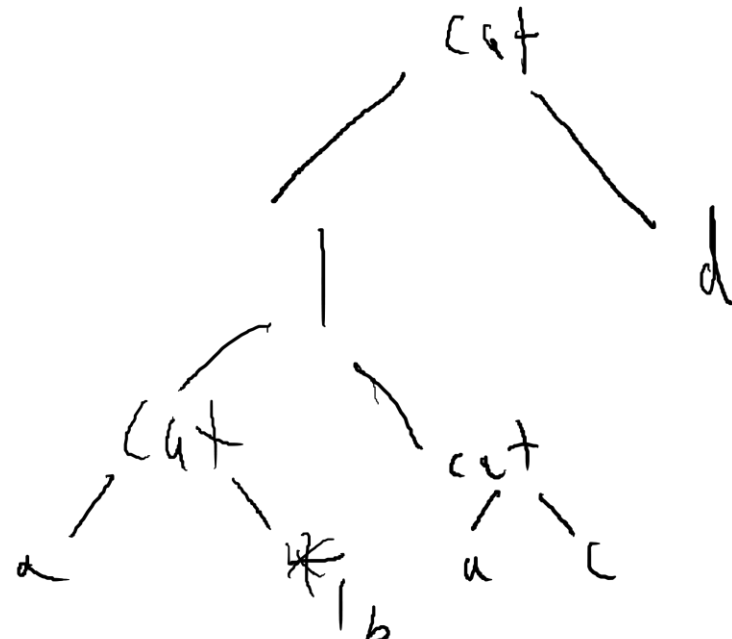
# Question 1

S  
C  
A

Draw out the expression tree representation of the following regular expression

$(ab^*|ac)d$

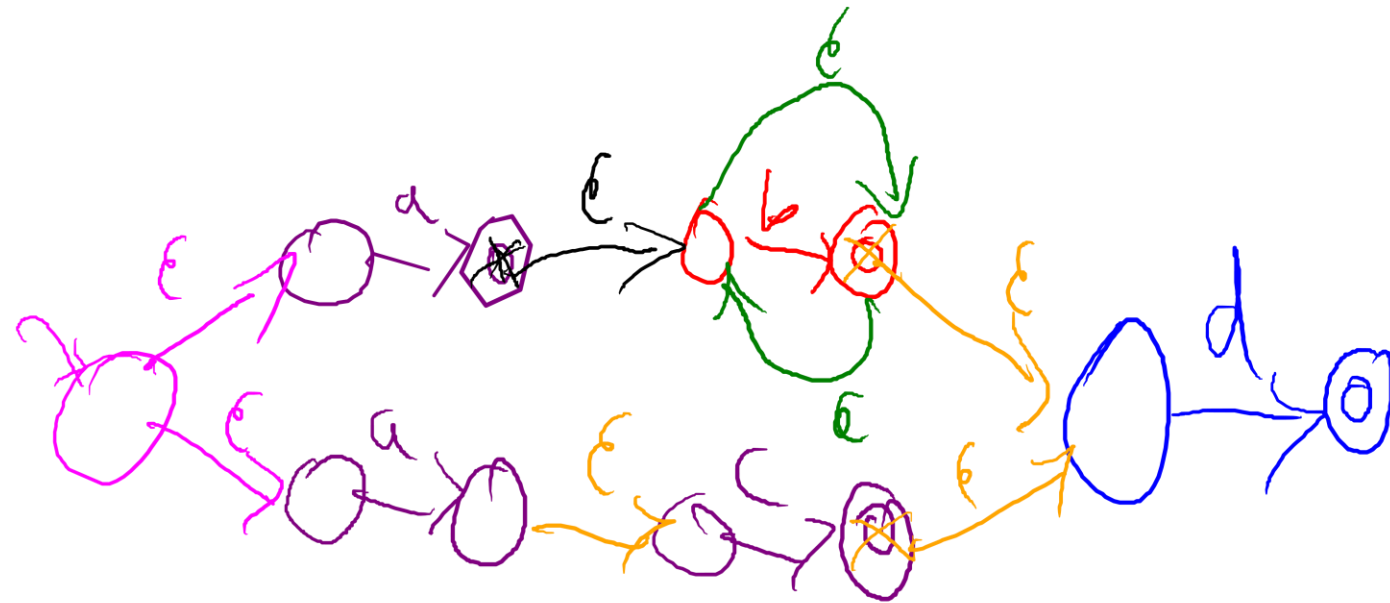
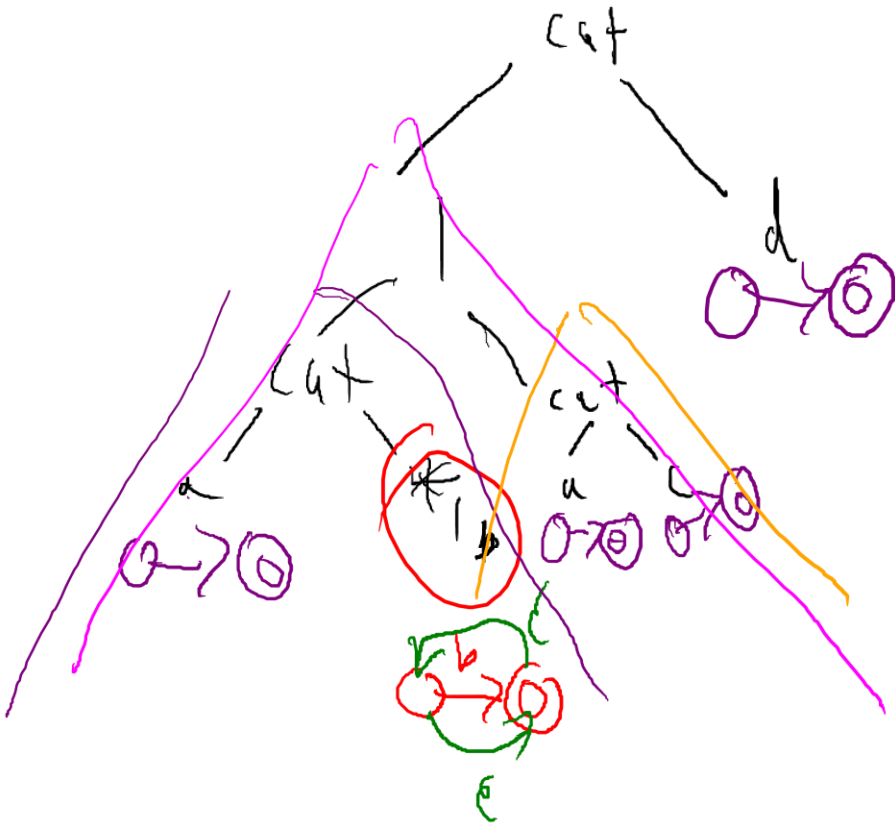
Remember to respect the precedence of regex operators.



## Question 2

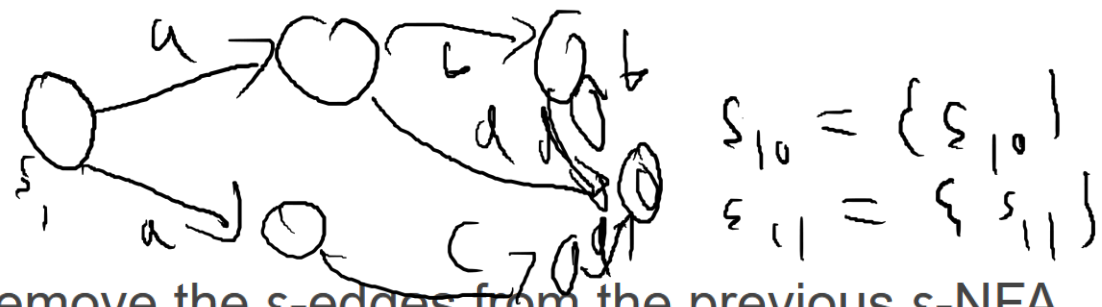
$(ab^*|ac)d$

Convert the regular expression from above into an  $\epsilon$ -NFA (i.e. an NFA with  $\epsilon$ -edges) using Thompson's algorithm.



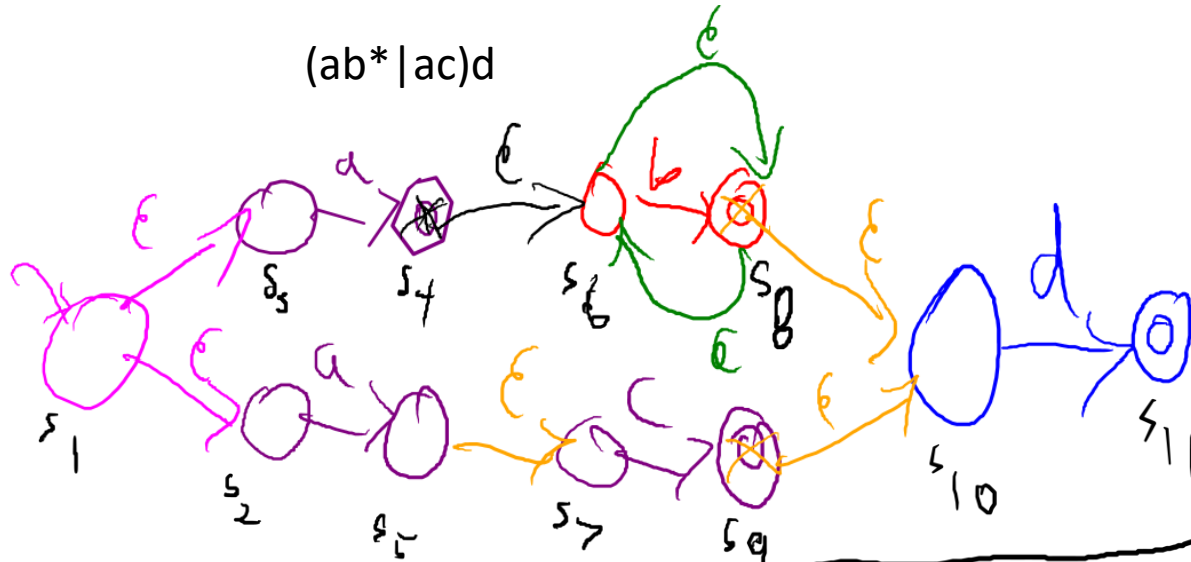


# Question 3



Use the  $\epsilon$ -elimination technique to remove the  $\epsilon$ -edges from the previous  $\epsilon$ -NFA.

$(ab^* | ac)d$



$$\epsilon\text{-closure}(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

$$s_2 = \{s_2\}$$

$$s_3 = \{s_3\}$$

$$s_4 = \{s_4, s_6, s_8, s_{10}\}$$

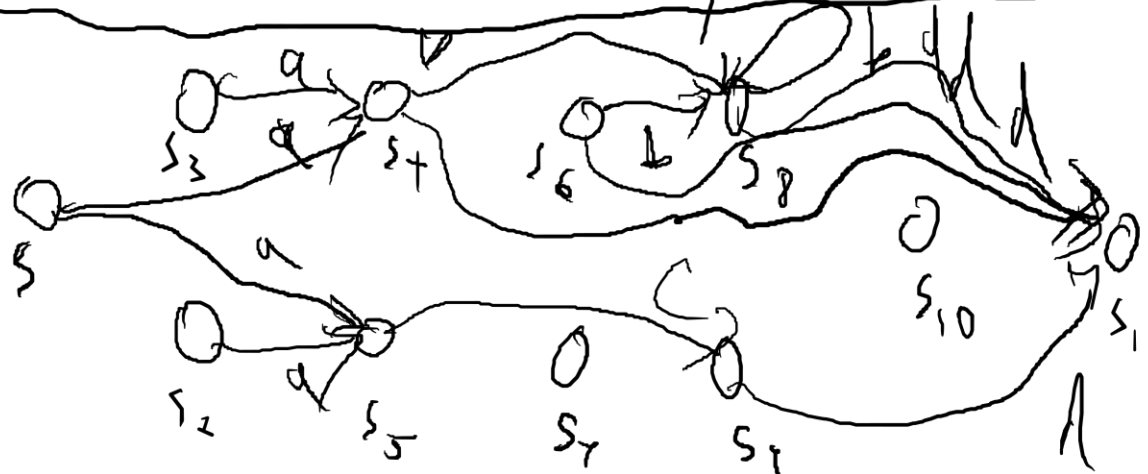
$$s_5 = \{s_5, s_7\}$$

$$s_6 = \{s_6, s_8, s_{10}\}$$

$$s_7 = \{s_7\}$$

$$s_8 = \{s_8, s_6, s_{10}\}$$

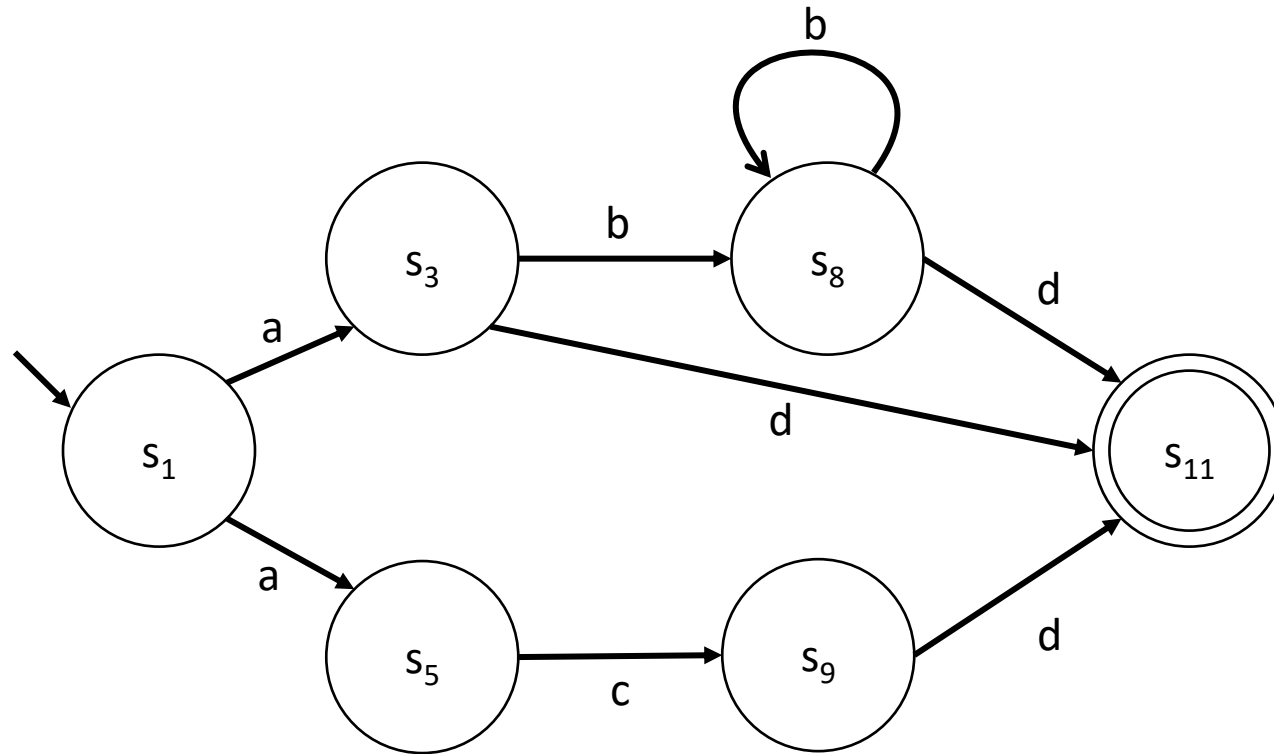
$$s_9 = \{s_9, s_{10}\}$$



# Question 3

Use the  $\varepsilon$ -elimination technique to remove the  $\varepsilon$ -edges from the previous  $\varepsilon$ -NFA.

$(ab^* | ac)d$



## Question 4

Let *DotList* be a language such that:

- The empty string is in the language
- The single terminal **dot** is in the language
- Sequences of more than 1 **dot** terminal separated by the **comma** terminal are in the language. e.g.:
  - **dot comma dot**
  - **dot comma dot comma dot**

No other strings are in the language

Write an unambiguous grammar that recognizes *DotList*

$$DL ::= \epsilon$$

Handwritten grammar rules:

~~$DL ::= \text{dot} \mid \epsilon \mid \text{dot comma } DL$~~

$DL ::= \text{dot comma } CL \mid \text{dot}$